8th Grade Speaking & Listening Standards	9-10 Grade Speaking & Listening Standards	11-12 th Grade Speaking & Listening Standards
 CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.8.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.8.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.8.1b Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.8.1c Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.8.1d Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.8.4 Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. 	 CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.1b Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.1c Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and task. 	 CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1b Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1c Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal

***The above Speaking and Listening Standards are implemented in all of the lessons in this curriculum because of the required group participation. Any additional standards are listed with the respective lessons listed below.

LESSONS	LANGUAGE ARTS STANDARDS
Lesson 1.1 Building Community	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Within the Classroom	
Lesson 1.2 Working Together to	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Get Things Done	
Lesson 1.3 Building Bridges to	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Others	
Lesson 1.4 Surveying my	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Background and Family History	
Lesson 1.5 Building Self-Esteem	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Through Self-Awareness	
Lesson 1.6 Building Self-Esteem	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) and:
Through Role-Models Lesson 1.7 Observing and Questioning: What Is a Person? 2.1 Recognizing and Talking About Feelings	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.8.5</u> Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.5</u> Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.5</u> Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. <u>SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)</u> SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) LANGUAGE STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.8.5</u> Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.8.5</u> Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute</i>). <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.8.6</u> Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.9-10.5</u> Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

2.1 Recognizing and Talking About Feelings (continued)	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.9-10.6</u> Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5</u> Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5</u> Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.6</u> Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
2.2 Learning How to Recognize Emotions/Feelings	 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) READING: LITERATURE STANDARDS CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.8.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone). CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (Include Shakespeare as well as other authors.) WRITING STANDARDS CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.2c Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.2c Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.2c Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2c Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the rel

2.2 Learning Harry to Decoming	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS
2.2 Learning How to Recognize	READING: INFORMATIONAL LEAT STANDARDS
Emotions/Feelings (continued)	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
2.3 Recognizing Depression	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.3</u> Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.3</u> Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.
	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3</u> Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
2.4 Overcoming Depression	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
	 READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.7</u> Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.7</u> Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.7</u> Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	 WRITING STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

2.4 Overcoming Depression	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style
(continued)	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
2.5 Recognizing Stress and How	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
It Affects Feelings	WRITING STANDARDS
	<u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.3</u> Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.3</u> Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3</u> Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
	READING: LITERATURE STANDARDS
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
Lesson 2.6 Recognizing Self-Talk	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
and How It Affects Feelings	WRITING STANDARDS
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

Lesson 2.6 Recognizing Self-Talk and How It Affects Feelings	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
Lesson 2.7 Learning to Control Self-Talk and Use It to Improve My Life	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Lesson 2.8 Recognizing Anger	 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) WRITING STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
Lesson 2.9 Expressing Justified Anger	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Lesson 3.1 Communicating Better Through Listening and Attending Skills	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Lesson 3.2 Speaking Concretely About Feelings	 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) WRITING STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

Lesson 3.3 Asking Open Questions	 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.2 Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
Lesson 3.4 Problem-Solving: SODA (Stop, Options, Decide, Act)	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Lesson 3.5 Developing Coping Strategies for Dealing with Stress	 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. WRITING STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.84</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in
Lesson 4.1 Considering the Effects of Self-Destructive Behavior in the Indian Community	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS • <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Lesson 4.1 Considering the Effects of Self-Destructive Behavior in the Indian Community (continued)	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. WRITING STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
Lesson 4.2 Viewing Substance Abuse as Self-Destructive Behavior	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Lesson 4.3 Determining When Sex is Healthy and When It Is Self-Destructive	 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) READING: LITERATURE STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.8.3</u> Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.9-10.3</u> Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3</u> Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
Lesson 4.4 Understanding How a Dysfunctional Family Contributes to Self-Destructive Behavior	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) READING: LITERATURE STANDARDS • CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.8.1 Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Lesson 4.4 Understanding How a Dysfunctional Family Contributes to Self-Destructive Behavior (continued)	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.8.3</u> Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.9-10.3</u> Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3</u> Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
Lesson 5.1 Understanding the Grief Process	 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL9:3 Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories). CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL9:10:3 Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL11-12.3 Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL9.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL9.10.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL9.11.2.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text. WRITING STANDARDS CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9.10.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to ta

	CDEAUNCAND LICTENNIC CTANDADDC (1)
Lesson 5.2 Reviewing the	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Problem of Youth Suicide in the	
Indian Community	
Lesson 5.3 Differentiating	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Between Fact and Fiction About	
Suicide	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS
Suicide	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
Lesson 5.4 Recognizing the	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Emotional and Behavioral	
Warning Signs of Suicide	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
	explicitly as well as interences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
	WRITING STANDARDS
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards
	1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in
	standards 1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in
	standards 1–3 above.)
Lesson 6.1 Evaluating What to	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Do and What Not to Do if a	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS
Friend is Thinking About	<u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says
Suicide	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. WRITING <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) WRITING STANDARDS <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)

Lessen 7.2 Finding Own Own	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Lesson 7.3 Finding Our Own	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (See above)
Power	READING: LITERATURE STANDARDS
	<u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says
Losson 7.2 Finding Our Own	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
Lesson 7.3 Finding Our Own	
Power (continued)	WRITING STANDARDS
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in
	standards 1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in
	standards 1–3 above.)
Lesson 7.4 Making My Dream	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above)
Happen	WRITING STANDARDS
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.8.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards
	1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in
	standards 1–3 above.)
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4</u> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in
	standards 1–3 above.)
	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT STANDARDS
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.1</u> Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
	• <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.8.3</u> Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas,
	or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).

Lesson 7.4 Making My Dream Happen (continued)	 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.9-10.3</u> Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them. <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3</u> Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
Lesson 7.5 Dreaming for the Future	 SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS (see above) and: CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.8.5 Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. WRITING STANDARDS CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.84 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.91-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)